

CHEYENNE TRANSPORTER.

VOL. II.

DARLINGTON, I. T., SEP. 25, 1880.

NO. 3.

W. N. Hubbell & Co's Supply Store.

JUST RECEIVED

—BY—

W. N. Hubbell & Co.

A BRAND NEW STOCK OF

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING,

Hats & Caps, Boots & Shoes, Etc.

ALSO A FRESH STOCK OF

Staple Groceries.

The Largest and Best Stock in the City. Call and Examine Goods and Prices.

Corner Main & Sixth Streets, Opposite the Leland Hotel.

CALDWELL, KANSAS.

TO TRAVELERS.

J. H. SEGER

Is now running buckboards and hacks between

Darlington, I. T.

—AND—

Fort Elliott, Texas.

This route connects at Darlington with stages going South to the Wichita Agency, Fort Sill, Elm Springs, Carriage Point and Caddo, connecting with the M., K. & T. to Denison, Sherman and Galveston, Texas; East, with Vanita, Indian Territory; and the M. K. & T. to St. Louis; North, with Caldwell, Hunnewell, Wellington, Winfield and Wichita, Kans.

Connects at Fort Elliott with stages going South to Fort Bascom and Fort Griffin, Texas, Las Vegas, and all towns Southwest; West, to Fort Dodge, Kans., and all points West and Northwest.

Leave Darlington going West, Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays; Leave Fort Elliott going East, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Charges, Reasonable.

Editorial Notes.

Attempts are being made to circulate forged bank notes of the denomination of \$50, on the National Broadway Bank and on the Tradesman's National Bank.

Commissioner LeDuc has decided to bore one of his artesian wells at Fort Lyon, Col., and another will probably be put down in that State. He has \$20,000 to spend on experiments in irrigation.

Latest advices say that Victoria's band of Utes are probably in the Sierra Guzman, Mexico, with a small band prowling near the American border. It is not probable, however, that Mexico will give any heed to the Indians as she has more than enough to do to take care of her own revolutionary subjects.

The telegraphic reports confirm the fear that the steamer Vera Cruz had gone down in the terrible gale that blew off the coast of Florida on the 29th ult. On another page may be found the thrilling account of the catastrophe as written by an eye witness.

The Imperial bank of Germany has ordered the Bremen and Hamburg to temporarily suspend payments. This fact is sufficiently significant and the time is not distant when Germany will be forced to recognize silver as legal tender. Bismarck is said to be in favor of the bi-metallic standard.

On the night of the third of this month, a party of men with blackened faces entered a house near Trales in Kerry, Ireland, and cut off the ears of two men who had been left in charge of the premises. The fact that a tenant had been removed from the place a short time before may have had something to do with the outrage.

If there should be a wool famine within the next two years, it would not surprise those who have given the subject careful thought. All over the continent of Europe the rot is killing the sheep off in vast numbers, and the number now remaining is far below the average. It is not improbable that the American wool-grower who has stuck to his business through gloomy times is soon to receive his reward.

If we may put confidence in telegraphic reports, England is having a good deal of trouble in keeping Ireland straight. The Irish tenants seem determined to resist the payment of rents and it looks very much as if the resistance might prove formidable. England has already sent large numbers of troops to the scene of the trouble, and thousands of her tenantry are arming for a desperate fight.

An explosion occurred on the 8th inst. at the Seaham coal Colliery, near Durham England. Both shafts of the mine are blockaded, though half a mile apart. About 250 men were in the pit, some of whom are alive. Communication has been opened with eighteen men, who believe that they are the only survivors. This is, perhaps, the most destructive accident on record, and the cause of the ignition of the fire-damp cannot so much as be conjectured. The lamps used were of the most approved kind and the rules relating to their use were very strict.

Ayooob Khan has about 26,000 men at his command and owing to the character of the surface of the country, which is not understood by the English soldiers, is likely to wage a very desultory war. Generals Roberts and Prayre are now on the ground and it is reported defeated the Afghans on the 3d inst., capturing a large number of guns and prisoners. Ayooob's forces retreated to the neighboring mountains where they are well nigh invulnerable, and it will not be surprising if they make a long and bloody war of it. It seems that the queen is paying rather dearly for her sovereignty in Afghanistan, and if these people had the luck and prowess of Americans her army would go like George's did over a hundred years ago.

From the Commercial we learn that a six year old colored bootblack has been playing the part of sneak thief and burglar quite successfully for some time past in Caldwell. He attempted to go through the Commercial office recently but failed, losing his hat by which he was identified next day. After being placed in the lockup he disclosed the names of two other colored citizens of maturer years who had been instigating him in his thefts. The boy is sharp and quick and only needed sufficient encouragement to make him burglarize with an energy worthy of a better cause.

The talk about abolishing the English House of Lords is only the beginning of an attempt, soon to be made, to abolish the lords themselves. They are the remnants of a feudal system, abhorrent to the spirit of the age, and in direct opposition to the people in every effort toward equal rights. The wonder is that a people of the energy and push that characterizes the English should have submitted to such an outrage so long. When the English people arise in their strength and abolish the Queen, the House of Lords and every vestige of monarchy, they will then be on the high road to freedom, and may be but little more than a century behind the United States.

INDIAN LABORERS.

Mr. McNeal, of the Cresset, in writing up the sights that he saw at the Agency, after speaking of the Indians lounging about the store, makes this remark: "The Agency has at least one Indian blacksmith, one carpenter, and several that were working in the capacity of hod carriers and tenders at the commissary building now being erected." The above statement, while not in itself untrue, is decidedly equivocal and calculated to convey the idea that these are about all the Indians we have who will work, which is a long way from the truth. Had the Cresset man made inquiry he would have found that all the brick, about 190,000, that have gone into the commissary were made by Indians, that all the lime used in that structure was burned by Indians, and that all the hauling of lumber, hardware, sand, brick and lime for the whole work was done by Indians. A large amount of hay has been put up for Government use by Indians, and all who can get work are chopping on a Government contract for cord wood. Quite a number are regularly employed by the Agent, and these especially are steady efficient and reliable workmen. The truth is that a large number of Indians apply for work to every one who can be accommodated. And again, had our friend been here on the morning of the 9th inst. and had he seen the consolidated trains of seventy-six four horse teams come in, with the heaviest loads and on the best time ever made by Whites or Indians, and had he seen this vast bulk of freight all unloaded and snugly stored away all inside of six hours, we think he would take a different view of the case.

While we do not pretend to say that all the Indians of this Agency have risen above their native dirt, laziness and superstition, yet we cannot help observing the tendency of most white people to stand on their heads when the Indian is to be considered. Most persons who have visited this country and who have written it up, have dwelt with great force and effort on what they term the natural depravity of the race, while they have as studiously avoided saying anything about the progress the Indian is making. Such a course toward a people who are making a commendable effort to elevate their condition is, to use the mildest expression, very uncharitable and calculated to do the Indian serious injury.

It has been demonstrated by careful observation that it takes five adults properly to escort one child under twelve years old to a circus.